### STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section/Item</th>
<th>Item No</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
<th>Reported on Page Number &amp; Line Number</th>
<th>Reported on Section &amp; Paragraph</th>
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</table>
| **Title and abstract** | 1 | (a) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract  
(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found | Page 1, in the Title  
Page 2- Lines 22-24 | See the Title page  
Abstract, Conclusions |
| **Introduction** | 2 | Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported | Lines 46-49 | Introduction |
| **Objectives** | 3 | State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses | Lines 73-77 | Introduction |
| **Methods** | 4 | Present key elements of study design early in the paper | Lines 79-83 | Methods |
| **Setting** | 5 | Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection | Lines 81-97 | Methods |
| **Participants** | 6 | (a) **Cohort study**—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up  
**Case-control study**—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls  
**Cross-sectional study**—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants  
(b) **Cohort study**—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed  
**Case-control study**—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case | Lines 79-92 | Methods  
Unmatched study |
| **Variables** | 7 | Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable | Lines 94-107 | Methods |
| **Data sources/measurement** | 8* | For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group | Lines 100-107 | Methods |
| **Bias** | 9 | Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias | Lines 80-81 | Methods |
| **Study size** | 10 | Explain how the study size was arrived at | Lines 80-81 | Methods |
| **Quantitative variables** | 11 | Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why | Lines 100-107 and Table 2 | Methods |
### Statistical methods

12. (a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding  
   (b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions  
   (c) Explain how missing data were addressed  
   (d) **Cohort study**—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed  
   **Case-control study**—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed  
   **Cross-sectional study**—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy  
   (e) Describe any sensitivity analyses  

### Results

#### Participants

13. (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed  
   (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage  
   (c) Consider use of a flow diagram  

#### Descriptive data

14. (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders  
   (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest  
   (c) **Cohort study**—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)  

#### Outcome data

15. **Cohort study**—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time  
   **Case-control study**—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure  
   **Cross-sectional study**—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures  

#### Main results

16. (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included  
   (b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized  
   (c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period  

#### Other analyses

17. Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses  

### Discussion

#### Key results

18. Summarise key results with reference to study objectives  

#### Limitations

19. Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interpretation</th>
<th>20</th>
<th>Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence</th>
<th>Lines 179-197</th>
<th>Discussion</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Generalisability</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results</td>
<td>Lines 208-211</td>
<td>Discussion</td>
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<td><strong>Other information</strong></td>
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<td>Funding</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based</td>
<td>Lines 218-221</td>
<td>Acknowledgements</td>
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</table>

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

**Note:** An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.

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*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number/line number reported may be changed due to copyediting and may not be referable in the published version. In this case, the section/paragraph may be used as an alternative reference.*